By: <u>Vasut</u> H.B. No. 4125

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT

- 2 relating to state and local government responses to disasters.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 4 SECTION 1. Section 418.004, Government Code, is amended
- 5 by amending Subdivisions (1) and (3) and adding Subdivisions (3-
- 6 a) and (3-b) to read as follows:
- 7 (1) "Disaster" means the occurrence or imminent threat
- 8 of widespread or severe damage, injury, or loss of life or property
- 9 resulting from any natural or man-made cause, including fire,
- 10 flood, earthquake, wind, storm, wave action, oil spill or other
- 11 water contamination, volcanic activity, epidemic emergency, air
- 12 contamination, blight, drought, infestation, explosion, riot,
- 13 hostile military or paramilitary action, extreme heat or cold,
- 14 cybersecurity event, [other public calamity requiring emergency
- 15 action], or energy emergency.
- 16 (3) "Energy emergency" means a temporary statewide,
- 17 regional, or local shortage of petroleum, natural gas, or liquid
- 18 fuel energy supplies or electricity generation that makes
- 19 emergency measures necessary to reduce demand or allocate supply.
- 20 (3-a) "Epidemic emergency" means the occurrence or
- 21 imminent threat of an outbreak of a communicable disease in this
- 22 state that threatens widespread or severe damage, injury, or loss
- 23 of life or property in this state resulting from any natural or
- 24 man-made cause related to the outbreak. An epidemic emergency does

- 1 not mean the occurrence or imminent threat of an outbreak of an
- 2 communicable disease for which there is widespread availability of
- 3 an effective vaccine against infection.
- 4 (3-b) "Communicable disease" has the meaning assigned by
- 5 Section 81.003, Health and Safety Code.
- 6 SECTION 2. Section 418.006, Government Code, is amended
- 7 to read as follows:
- 8 Sec. 418.006. CIVIL LIABILITY.
- 9 (a) An officer or employee of a state or local agency, or a
- 10 volunteer acting at the direction of an officer or employee of a
- 11 state or local agency, is considered for purposes of Section
- 12 437.222 to be a member of the Texas military forces ordered into
- 13 active service of the state by proper authority and is considered
- 14 to be discharging a duty in that capacity if the person is
- 15 performing an activity related to sheltering or housing
- 16 individuals in connection with the evacuation of an area stricken
- 17 or threatened by disaster.
- 18 (b) A business or an entity operating during a disaster for
- 19 an epidemic emergency is not liable for an injury caused by
- 20 exposing or potentially exposing an individual to a disease if on
- 21 the date of the exposure or potential exposure:
- 22 (1) the business or entity is authorized to do business
- 23 in this state; and
- 24 (2) the act or omission giving rise to the exposure or
- 25 potential exposure was not wilful, reckless, or grossly negligent.
- 26 (c) A person who provides goods or renders services during
- 27 <u>a disaster in support of disaster response efforts and at the</u>

- 1 request of the governor or the governor's designee is not liable
- 2 for an injury caused by the goods or services, regardless of the
- 3 circumstances, so long as the act or omission giving rise to the
- 4 injury was not wilful, reckless, grossly negligent, or
- 5 inconsistent with a limit specified in the governor's request.
- 6 SECTION 3. Subchapter A, Chapter 418, Government Code, is
- 7 amended by adding Section 418.007 to read as follows:
- 8 Sec. 418.007. JUDICIAL REVIEW OF DISASTER ORDER. (a) A
- 9 person has standing to file suit in a court of this state to
- 10 challenge a provision of an order issued by the governor or the
- 11 presiding officer of the governing body of a political subdivision
- 12 that relates to a declared state of disaster if the provision in
- 13 the order is alleged to cause injury to the person or burden a
- 14 right of the person that is protected by the state or federal
- 15 constitution or by a state or federal law.
- 16 (b) The issuer of the order has the burden of proving the
- 17 <u>challenged provision in the order:</u>
- 18 (1) mitigates a threat to the public caused by the
- 19 disaster; and
- 20 (2) is the least restrictive means of mitigating the
- 21 threat.
- 22 (c) The court shall enter a judgment invalidating the
- 23 challenged provision in the order if the court finds the issuer of
- 24 the order has not satisfied the burden imposed under Subsection
- 25 (b).
- SECTION 4. Section 418.012, Government Code, is amended
- 27 to read as follows:

- 1 Sec. 418.012. EXECUTIVE ORDERS.
- 2 (a) The [Under this chapter, the] governor and the presiding
- 3 officer of a political subdivision may issue executive orders,
- 4 proclamations, and regulations consistent with the provisions of
- 5 this chapter and amend or rescind them. [Executive orders,
- 6 proclamations, and regulations have the force and effect of law.]
- 7 (b) In the event of a conflict between executive orders,
- 8 proclamations, or regulations enacted pursuant to this chapter by
- 9 the governor and a presiding officer of a political subdivision,
- 10 an executive order, proclamation, or regulation enacted by the
- 11 governor controls.
- 12 (c) Unless expressly authorized by statute, the governor and
- 13 the president officer of a governing body of a political
- 14 subdivision may not issue an executive order, proclamation, or
- 15 regulation that:
- 16 (1) requires a person other than a public employee or
- 17 licensed professional providing medical services to wear a mask or
- 18 personal protective equipment during a declared state of disaster;
- 19 <u>(2) prohibits or limits a person from attending or</u>
- 20 participating in a religious service or activity;
- 21 (3) violates Chapter 110, Civil Practice and Remedies
- 22 Code or the Religious Freedom Restoration Act of 1993 (42 U.S.C.
- 23 2000bb et seq.);
- 24 (4) prohibits or limits the sale, dispensing, or
- 25 transportation of firearms or ammunition;
- 26 (5) alters any voting standard, practice, or procedure;
- 27 <u>or</u>

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1 (6) restricts the otherwise lawful operation of a
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- 2 business or industry or the activities of an individual by
- 3 distinguishing between essential and nonessential services
- 4 provided or obtained by the business, industry, or individual.
- 5 SECTION 5. Subchapter B, Chapter 418, Government Code, is
- 6 amended by adding Section 418.0125 to read as follows:
- 7 Sec. 418.0125. LIMIT ON ASSESSMENT OF FEES. (a) If the
- 8 governor issues an executive order, proclamation, or regulation
- 9 during a declared state of disaster that restricts the operation
- 10 of a business or nonprofit entity or a category of businesses, a
- 11 business or nonprofit entity whose operation is restricted by the
- order, proclamation, or regulation may not be assessed any fee,
- 13 including a licensing fee, by this state during the time the
- 14 operation of the business or nonprofit entity is restricted by the
- 15 order, proclamation, or regulation.
- 16 (b) If a business or nonprofit entity paid an annual fee or
- other fee in advance to this state for the business's or nonprofit
- 18 entity's operations, the business or nonprofit entity is entitled
- 19 to a pro rata refund of the fee for the period of time its
- 20 operations were restricted by an executive order, proclamation, or
- 21 regulation of the governor described by Subsection (a).
- 22 (c) A business or nonprofit entity may opt to have the amount
- 23 of any refund due under this section credited toward a future fee
- 24 requirement.
- 25 SECTION 6. Section 418.014, Government Code, is amended
- 26 by amending Subsection (c) and adding Subsection (c-1) to read as
- 27 follows:

- 1 (c) A state of disaster may not continue for more than 30
- 2 days unless renewed by the governor. A state of disaster for an
- 3 epidemic emergency, energy emergency, or any man-made cause
- 4 affecting more than half the counties of this state may not
- 5 continue for more than 60 days unless renewed by the legislature.
- 6 In no case may a state of disaster continue for longer than 180
- 7 days unless renewed by the legislature. The legislature [by law]
- 8 may terminate a state of disaster at any time. On termination by
- 9 the legislature, the governor shall issue an executive order ending
- 10 the state of disaster.
- 11 (c-1) The governor may not declare a state of disaster based
- 12 on the same or a substantially similar finding for which a state
- 13 of disaster was declared under Subsection (a) by the governor
- 14 within the preceding 12 months.
- 15 SECTION 7. Section 418.0155, Government Code, is amended
- 16 to read as follows:
- Sec. 418.0155. SUSPENSION LIST. (a) The governor's office,
- 18 using existing resources, shall compile and maintain a
- 19 comprehensive list of state agency [regulatory statutes and] rules
- 20 that may require suspension during a disaster.
- 21 (b) On request by the governor's office, a state agency that
- 22 would be impacted by the suspension of a [statute or] rule on the
- 23 list compiled under Subsection (a) shall review the list for
- 24 accuracy and shall advise the governor's office regarding any
- 25 [statutes or] rules that should be added to the list.
- SECTION 8. Section 418.016, Government Code, is amended
- 27 by amending Subsections (a) and (e) and adding Subsection (a-1) to

- 1 read as follows:
- 2 Sec. 418.016. SUSPENSION OF CERTAIN [LAWS AND] RULES AND
- 3 REQUIREMENTS; APPLICATION OF CERTAIN CONTRACTING REQUIREMENTS.
- 4 (a) The governor may not suspend a state agency order or rule
- 5 except as specifically authorized by this chapter. The governor
- 6 may suspend [the provisions of any regulatory statute prescribing
- 7 the procedures for conduct of state business or] the orders or
- 8 rules of a state agency if strict compliance with the [provisions,]
- 9 orders[-] or rules would in any way prevent, hinder, or delay
- 10 necessary action or prompt response in coping with a disaster.
- 11 (a-1) During a state of disaster declared by the governor and
- 12 notwithstanding any other law, the contracting requirements in
- 13 Subtitle D, Title 10, that inhibit or prevent prompt response to
- 14 a disaster do not apply to a state agency in contracting for goods
- 15 or services related to the declared state of disaster.
- 16 (e) On request of a political subdivision, the governor may
- 17 waive or suspend a deadline imposed by [a statute or] the orders
- 18 or rules of a state agency on the political subdivision, including
- 19 a deadline relating to a budget or ad valorem tax, if the waiver
- 20 or suspension is reasonably necessary to cope with a disaster.
- 21 SECTION 9. Section 418.019, Government Code, is repealed.
- 22 SECTION 10. Section 418.020, Government Code, is amended
- 23 by amending Subsection (c) to read as follows:
- 24 (c) Under regulations prescribed by the governor, the
- 25 governor may temporarily suspend or modify for a period of not
- 26 more than 60 days any public health, safety, zoning, intrastate
- 27 transportation, or other $[\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}]$ regulation if by proclamation

- 1 the governor considers the suspension or modification essential to
- 2 provide temporary housing or emergency shelter for disaster
- 3 victims.
- 4 SECTION 11. Section 418.042, Government Code, is amended
- 5 by amending Subsection (c) to read as follows:
- 6 (c) All or part of the state emergency management plan may be
- 7 incorporated into regulations of the division or executive orders
- 8 [that have the force and effect of law].
- 9 SECTION 12. Subchapter E, Chapter 418, Government Code, is
- 10 amended by adding Section 418.1081 to read as follows:
- 11 Sec. 418.1081. LIMIT ON ASSESSMENT OF FEES DURING DECLARED
- 12 LOCAL DISASTER. (a) If the presiding officer of the governing
- 13 body of a political subdivision issues an order or proclamation
- 14 during a declared local state of disaster that restricts the
- 15 operation of a business or nonprofit entity or a category of
- 16 businesses, a business or nonprofit entity whose operation is
- 17 restricted by the order or proclamation may not be assessed any
- 18 fee, including a permit fee, by the political subdivision during
- 19 the time the operation of the business or nonprofit entity is
- 20 restricted by the order or proclamation.
- 21 (b) If a business or nonprofit entity paid an annual fee or
- 22 other fee in advance to a political subdivision for the business's
- 23 or nonprofit entity's operations, the business or nonprofit entity
- 24 is entitled to a pro rata refund of the fee for the period of time
- 25 its operations were restricted by an order or proclamation of the
- 26 political subdivision described by Subsection (a).
- 27 (c) A business or nonprofit entity may opt to have the amount

- 1 of any refund due under this section credited toward a future fee
- 2 requirement.
- 3 SECTION 13. Section 418.173, Government Code, is amended
- 4 to read as follows:
- 5 Sec. 418.173. PENALTY FOR VIOLATION OF EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT
- 6 PLAN. (a) A state, local, or interjurisdictional emergency
- 7 management plan may provide that the intentional or knowing
- 8 violation of a state, local, or interjurisdictional emergency
- 9 management plan [failure to comply with the plan] or [with] a rule,
- 10 order, or ordinance adopted under the plan is an offense.
- 11 (b) The plan may prescribe a fine-only punishment for the
- 12 offense in an amount that does not exceed \$500.00[but may not
- 13 prescribe a fine that exceeds \$1,000 or confinement in jail for a
- 14 term that exceeds 180 days].
- 15 SECTION 14. Section 433.001, Government Code, is amended
- 16 to read as follows:
- 17 Sec. 433.001. PROCLAMATION OF STATE OF EMERGENCY. On
- 18 application of the chief executive officer or governing body of a
- 19 county or municipality during an emergency, the governor may
- 20 proclaim a state of emergency and designate the area involved.
- 21 For the purposes of this section an emergency exists in the
- 22 following situations:
- 23 (1) a riot or unlawful assembly by three or more persons
- 24 acting together by use of force or violence;
- 25 (2) if a clear and present danger of the use of violence
- 26 exists; or
- 27 (3) a natural or man-made disaster for which a state of

- 1 disaster has not been declared by the governor pursuant to Chapter
- 2 418.
- 3 SECTION 15. Section 433.002, Government Code, is amended
- 4 by amending Subsection (b) to read as follows:
- 5 (b) The directive may provide for:
- 6 (1) control of public and private transportation in the
- 7 affected area;
- 8 (2) designation of specific zones in the affected area
- 9 in which, if necessary, the use and occupancy of buildings and
- 10 vehicles may be controlled;
- 11 (3) control of the movement of persons;
- 12 (4) control of places of amusement or assembly; and
- 13 (5) establishment of curfews[÷
- 14 (6) [control of the sale, transportation, and use of
- 15 alcoholic beverages, weapons, and ammunition, except as provided
- 16 by Section 433.0045; and
- 17 (7) control of the storage, use, and transportation of
- 18 explosives or flammable materials considered dangerous to public
- 19 safety].
- 20 SECTION 16. Section 81.082, Health and Safety Code, is amended
- 21 by amending Subsection (d) to read as follows:
- 22 (d) A declaration of a public health disaster may continue
- 23 for not more than 30 days unless renewed by the legislature. [A
- 24 public health disaster may be renewed one time by the commissioner
- 25 for an additional 30 days.
- 26 SECTION 17. Section 51.408, Occupations Code, is amended
- 27 by amending Subsection (b) to read as follows:

- 1 (b) An emergency license issued under this section expires
- 2 on the date indicated by the executive director, but not later
- 3 than the 90th day after the date the license is issued. If the
- 4 governor declares a [an extended] state of disaster that is renewed
- 5 under Section 418.014, Government Code, the executive director may
- 6 extend the term of an emergency license to an expiration date after
- 7 the 90th day after the date the license was issued.
- 8 SECTION 18. Subsections 418.006(b-c), Government Code,
- 9 added by this Act, apply only to a cause of action that accrued on
- 10 or after March 13, 2020. A cause of action that accrued before
- 11 March 13, 2020, is governed by the law applicable to the cause of
- 12 action immediately before the effective date of this Act, and that
- 13 law is continued in effect for that purpose.
- 14 SECTION 19. This Act takes effect immediately if it
- 15 receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each
- 16 house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution.
- 17 If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate
- 18 effect, this Act takes effect September 1, 2021.